

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE NEGRO IN GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, June 22.—The Supreme Court of Georgia, to-day, decided that the code of Georgia, adopted by the new constitution, forbids the marriage relation between white persons and persons of African descent, and declares such marriages to be null and void. The opinion says that this section of the code is not repealed by, nor is it inconsistent with that part of the constitution which declares that the social status of the citizens shall never be the subject of legislation. That the constitution absolutely denies to the Legislature the power to pass laws in future regulating the social status or compelling the two races to unite in social intercourse. As the laws then in existence allowed churches, for instance, to determine for themselves who should occupy their seats and where they should sit, and permitted railroads and steamboat companies and hotel keepers to classify and assign places to those using their accommodations according to social values and grade as they might think proper, the constitution puts it beyond the power of the Legislature even to enact any law compelling them to make difficult classifications or to group together in social intercourse those who do not recognize each other as social equals. As the constitution is silent on the subject, the Legislature is not the proper subject of legislation, the constitution has wisely put the matter rest by denying to the Legislature the power to repeal or enact laws on that subject.

THE POST says that the great debate must increase the people's estimation of the House of Peers. Their judgment furnishes additional proof of the utility of the Upper House. The second reading is but a preliminary to moulding the bill into a form better to satisfy the nation.

An analysis of the vote in the House of Lords last night shows that the Archbishop of Dublin and fifteen Bishops voted against the second reading, the Bishop of St. David's in favor, and the other prelates abstained from voting.

An immense Orange demonstration occurred at Enniskillen, Ireland, yesterday. A great procession, music, banners, speeches, toasts, &c., were the prominent features of the occasion. It is estimated that 20,000 people were present.

NEW COMMERCIAL TREATY WITH FRANCE.—REPEAL OF THE COMMONS TO ACT UPON IT.

LONDON, June 19.—In the House of Commons, last evening, motion was made to go into committee on a new operative commercial treaty with France, the present treaty expiring before the next session. Mr. Bright opposed the proposition in a strong speech, and was followed by others pro and con. At length the House divided, with the following result: For, 104; against, 165—majority against, 61.

THE FRENCH CABLE.—SAILING OF THE GREAT EASTERN.

LONDON, June 19.—The steamship Great Eastern has left Liverpool for Port, France, whence she will soon sail on her cable-laying expedition.

SPAIN.—IMPROVEMENT OF SERRANO.—THE NEW CABINET.

MADRID, June 19.—In the Cortes, yesterday, Serrano administered the oath of the Regency to Marshal Serrano. There were loud "vivas" for the Regent and for the national sovereignty, but no disturbances, as was apprehended.

The following is the new Cabinet as far as announced: General Prim, Secretary of War and President of the Ministry; Salva, Secretary of State; Marti, Minister of Justice.

It is said that the government is opposed to the proposed deduction in the rate, and only sections the present reduction of five per cent. on account of the internal debt.

MADRID, June 19.—The Cortes has passed a bill giving the act of the Provisional Government the force of law, and conferring upon it power to carry them into effect. After a stormy debate, the Republicans have succeeded in bringing before the Cortes a resolution disapproving of the presence of Montpensier in Spain, and demanding the government to order him to Portugal.

General Penela, a strong supporter of the ex-Queen, arrived here on a pretext of visiting his estates in Segovia, claiming his right to do so as a citizen under the constitution. He was arrested and sent to Aranjuez to await further orders. He will probably be exiled to the Canaries.

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THE RECENT DISTURBANCES IN PARIS.—DISCHARGE OF EIGHT HUNDRED PRISONERS.

PARIS, June 19.—Eight hundred prisoners who were arrested here during the recent disturbances caused by the elections, have been discharged. Two hundred are still kept in confinement.

The official paper to-day publishes the following: "A crowd of people attended the funeral of the rioters who were killed here recently in the political disturbances. There was no disorder."

It is said that the government has ordered the arrest of all Carlists and Isabellists on the frontier.

THE WAR IN CUBA.

THE FILIBUSTERS.—PROGRAMME OF THE VOLUNTARIANS.—THE NEW CAPTAIN-GENERAL DE RODAS.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A letter dated Havana, June 14, in the World to-day, states that General Jordán's filibuster expedition has so far been highly successful after landing as its most sanguine promoters could reasonably have expected.

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